1) Concerning pelvic peritoneum in male, One statement is incorrect:

a) Covers upper 2/3 of rectum.
b) Covers inferolateral surface of urinary bladder.
c) Covers superior surface of seminal vesicles.
d) Covers upper part of base of bladder.
e) Covers whole of superior surface of urinary bladder.

The answer is: B

2) Concerning pelvic peritoneum in female, One statement is false:

a) Covers upper 2/3 of rectum.
b) Covers whole of posterior wall of vagina.
c) Covers posterior surface of uterus.
d) Covers posterior fornix ofvagina.
e) Covers superior surface of urinary bladder

The answer is: B

3) Concerning retropubic space, choose incorrect statement:

a) Space between urinary bladder and pubic bone.
b) Filled with loose areolar fatty connective tissue.
c) Limited inferiorly by puboprostatic ligaments in males.
d)All of the above.

The answer is: D

4) During its course, ductus deferens, can be detected in the following sites, Except:

a) On posterior border of testis.
b) In spermatic cord.
c) I n greater pelvis.
d) In lesser pelvis
e) In posterior abdominal wall.

f) The answer is: E

5) Concerning ductus deferens, all are true, Except:

a) A thick-walled muscular tube.

b) About 45 cm long.

c) Supplied by artery of vas.

d) Begins as a continuation of tail of epididymis.

e) Ends by opening into prostatic urethra.

f) The answer is: E

6) Ductus deferens is connected to prostatic urethra by:

a) Prostatic utricle.

b) Ejaculatory duct.

c) Urachus.

d) Paramesonephric ducts.

e) None of the above

The answer is: B

7) Regarding seminal vesicle, all are true, Except:

a) Acts as a reservoir for spermatozoa.

b) Its secretion, add to vitality of sperms.

c) Lies behind base of bladder.

d) On its medial side lies ampulla of vas deferens.

e) Its upper end is covered by peritoneum

f) The answer is: a

8) Which of the following structures lie within prostate?

a) Prostatic urethra.

b) Ejaculatory ducts.

c) Prostatic utricle.

d) All of the above.

e) None of the above.

The answer is: d

9) Which of the following structures divides prostate into lobes?

a) Prostatic urethra.

b) Ejaculatory ducts.

c) Prostatic utricle.

d) All of the above.

e) a) and b) only.

The answer is: e

10) Median lobe of prostate lies between:

a) Ejaculatory ducts and prostatic urethra.

b) Pubis and prostatic urethra.

c) Ejaculatory ducts and prostatic utricle.

d) Seminal vesical and prostatic urethra.

e) None of the above

The answer is: a

11) Arterial supply of prostate, are branches from:

a) Inferior vesical artery.

b) Middle rectal artery.

c) Internal pudendal artery.

d) All of the above.

e) None of the above.

The answer is: d

12) Regarding position of uterus, all are correct ,Except:

a) Normally, it is anteverted and anteflexed.

b) Normally, it is anteverted on vagina.

c) Normally, it is anteflexed on cervix.

d) Normally, it is retroverted and retroflexed.

e) Normally, angle of anteversion is about 90°.

The answer is: d

13) Concerning uterus, choose the most correct answer:

a) Normally uterus is retroverted and retroflexed.

b) Its widest part is the cervix.

c) Anterior wall of cervix is covered with peritoneum.

d) Cervix is 5 cm long.

e) Cervix is surrounded by 4 fornices.

The answer is: e

14) Cervix of uterus is kept in position by:

a) Transverse cervical ligament (Makenrodt's).

b) Uterosacral ligaments.

c) Broad ligament.

d) Ligament of ovary.

e) a) and b) only

The answer is: e

15) Concerning cervix of uterus, all are true ,Except:

a) More mobile than body.

b) About one inch long.

c) Cervical canal is fusiform in shape.

d) Its lower part projects into anterior wall of vagina.

e) Cervical canal opens into vagina by external os.

The answer is: a

16) Internal os of uterus marks junction of:

a) Isthmus of uterine tube with uterus.
b) Fundus with body of uterus.
c) Body with cervix of uterus.
d) Cervix with vagina.
e) None of the above.

The answer is: c

17) Concerning uterus, One statement is correct:

a) Cervix is 2 inches long.
b) Cervix is widest part.
c) Posterior wall of cervix is covered with peritoneum.
d) Normally, it is retroflexed and retroverted.
e) Uterine artery crosses inferior to ureter

The answer is: c

18) Regarding uterus, One statement is incorrect:

a) Body is 2 inches long.
b) Both vesical and intestinal surfaces are covered with peritoneum.
c) Uterine artery crosses above ureter.
d) Cervix opens into vagina by internal os.
e) Uterine vessels run along lateral border of uterus

The answer is: d

19) All the following are parts of broad ligament, Except:

a) Mesovaruim.
b) Suspensory ligament of ovary.
c) Lateral cervical ligament.
d) Mesosalpinx.
e) Mesometrium.

The answer is: c

20) All the following are contents of broad ligament, Except:

a) Uterine tube.
b) Round ligament of uterus.
c) Vaginal artery.
d) Ligament of ovary.
e) Uterine artery.

The answer is: c

21) Anterior wall of vagina is related to the following:

a) Urethra.
b) Base of bladder.
c) Cervix of uterus.
d) All of the above.
e) a) and b) only

The answer is: e

22) Which of the following arteries supply vagina:

a) Vaginal artery.
b) Uterine artery.
c)Middle rectal artery.
d)Internal pudendal artery.
e)All of the above.

The answer is: e

23) All the following are parts of Ievator ani, Except:

a) Pubovaginalis.
b) Puborectalis.
c) Pubococcygeus.
d) Iliococcygeus.

e) Coccygeus.

The answer is: e

24) Which of the following muscles form pelvic diaphragm?

a) Levator ani.
b) Coccygeus.
c) Piriformis.
d) All of the above.
e) a) and b) only.

The answer is: e

25) Concerning obturator intern us, One statement is false:

a) Arises from obturator membrane and margins of obturator foramen.
b) Inserted into tip of greater trochanter.
c) Its tendon passes through lesser sciatic foramen.
d) A branch from sacral plexus supplies it.
e) A lateral rotator of thigh

The answer is: b

26) Concerning fundus of uterus, all are true ,Except:

a) The upper part of body.
b) Convex likes a dome.
c) Completely covered with peritoneum.
d) Directed forwards, when bladder is empty.
e) Fertilized ovum usually implanted in its anterior wall

The answer is: e

27) Concerning piriformis, One statement is incorrect:

a) Arises from middle three sacral pieces.

b) Inserted into upper border of greater trochanter.

c) Its tendon passes through lesser sciatic foramen.

d) Supplied by SI and S2 ventral rami.

e) A lateral rotator of thigh

The answer is: c

28)**When a surgeon removes the uterus and cuts the uterine artery, he must be careful not to injure the:**

a- ovarian artery
b- ureter
c- urethra
d- internal pudendal artery
e- vagina
The answer is: B

29- Regarding the vas deferens: choose the incorrect statement:

A- It passes through the inguinal canal.
B- It is lateral to inferior epigastric artery at the deep inguinal ring.
C- Crosses the ureter in the region of lschial spine.
D- Lies lateral to the seminal vesicles on the back of urinary bladder.
E- Its terminal part dilates to form the ampulla of vas deferens
The answer is: d